

# **DEFINITIVE HYBRID FLOORING**

# Floor Impact Sound Insulation Testing

19 February 2019

Australian Hardwood Timber Flooring

 $MC844-01F01\ Definitive\ Hybrid\ Flooring\ -\ Floor\ Impact\ Sound\ Insulation\ Testing\ (r2)$ 





## **Document details**

Detail	Reference
Doc reference:	MC844-01F01 Definitive Hybrid Flooring - Floor Impact Sound Insulation Testing (r2)
Prepared for:	Australian Hardwood Timber Flooring
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Attention:	Tony Carroll

## **Document control**

Date	Revision history	Non-issued revision	Issued revision	Prepared	Instructed	Authorised
14.02.2019	Draft	0		G.Rowe		
15.02.2019	Review		1	G.Rowe		O.Kostov
19.02.2019	Review		2	G.Rowe		G.Rowe

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# **Summary of Impact Sound Insulation Test Results**

Renzo Tonin & Associates was engaged by Australian Hardwood Timber Flooring to conduct floor impact sound insulation testing of 'Definitive Hybrid Flooring.' The testing was conducted at 61-71 Wellington Street and 37-39 Langridge Street, Collingwood on the 11<sup>th</sup> February 2019.

Table 1 presents the test result in of the floor finish tested. Appendix A presents the test report and Appendix B presents the test methodology.

Table 1: Test result summary

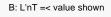
Floor/ceiling construction summary	Test result	L' <sub>nT,w</sub> ≤62
1500x900mm sample of 6.5mm thick (including 1.5mm IXPE) 'Definitive Hybrid Flooring', floating over a 200mm concrete slab with no ceiling suspended from the slab soffit.	L' <sub>nT,w</sub> 49 dB	✓
1500x900mm sample of 6.5mm thick (including 1.5mm IXPE) 'Definitive Hybrid Flooring', floating over a 200mm, with 13mm standard plasterboard suspended from the slab soffit to form a 210mm ceiling void. No insulation present in the cavity.	L' <sub>nT,w</sub> 41 dB	✓

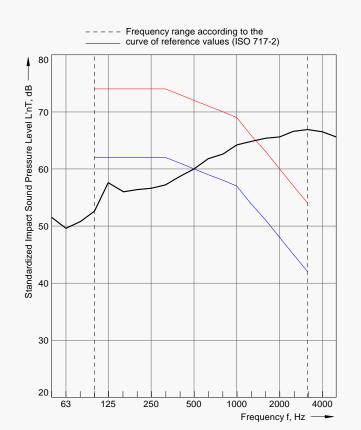
As such 'Definitive Hybrid Flooring' atop a typical floor/ceiling construction met the minimum requirement of  $L'_{nT,w} \le 62$ , per National Construction Code F5.3.

# APPENDIX A Impact Sound Isulation Test Report

	dardised impact sound pressure levels L'nT, in accordance with ISO 16283-2 Measurements of impact sound insulation of floors using tapping machine		
Report reference:	MC844-01F01 Definitive Hybrid Flooring - Floor Impact Sound Insulation Testing (r2)		
Test reference:	MC844-01F01-01		
Test site address:	61-71 Wellington Street and 37-39 Langridge Street, Collingwood		
Client:	Australian Hardwood Timber Flooring	Date of test:	11 <sup>th</sup> February 2019
Source room:	3.14	Receiver room:	2.13
Understood construction:	Floor finish in the source room	• Nil (bare s	slab)
	Existing substrate:	• 200mm co	oncrete slab
	Ceiling beneath in the receivin	g room: • Nil	

Frequency f	L'nT 1/3 Octave
Hz	dB
50	51.5
63	49.6
80	50.8 B
100	52.6
125	57.6
160	¦ 56.0
200	56.4
250	56.6
315	57.2
400	58.7
500	60.0
630	61.8
800	62.6
1000	64.2
1250	64.8
1600	65.4
2000	65.6
2500	66.6
3150	66.9
4000	66.5
5000	65.6





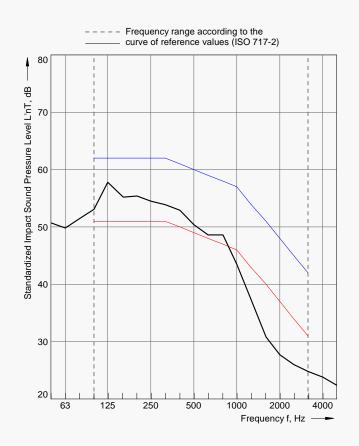
Rating according to ISO 717-2

 $L'_{nT,w}(C_i) = 72 (-13) dB$   $C_{i,50-2500} = -13 dB$ 

Evaluation based on field measurement results obtained in one-third-octave bands by an engineering method

	ordised impact sound pressure le leasurements of impact sound in	•	
Report reference:	MC844-01F01 Definitive Hybrid Flooring - Floor Impact Sound Insulation Testing (r2)		
Test reference:	MC844-01F01-02		
Test site address:	61-71 Wellington Street and 3	7-39 Langridge Str	eet, Collingwood
Client:	Australian Hardwood Timber Flooring	Date of test:	11 <sup>th</sup> February 2019
Source room:	3.14	Receiver room:	2.13
Understood construction:	Floor finish in the source room	_ (ir	500x900mm sample of 6.5mm thick ncluding 1.5mm IXPE) 'Definitive Hybrid ooring', floating over
	Existing substrate:	• 20	00mm concrete slab
	Ceiling beneath in the receivin	g room: • Ni	il

Frequency	L'nT
f	1/3 Octave
Hz	dB
50	50.7
63	49.8
80	51.5
100	53.1
125	57.8
160	55.2
200	55.4
250	54.5
315	53.9
400	52.9
500	50.4
630	48.6
800	48.6
1000	43.5
1250	37.5
1600	30.8
2000	27.7
2500	26.0
3150	24.8
4000	23.8
5000	22.4



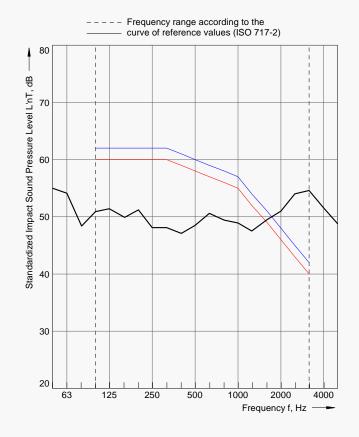
Rating according to ISO 717-2

 $L'_{nT,w}(C_i) = 49 (0) dB$   $C_{i,50-2500} = 1 dB$ 

Evaluation based on field measurement results obtained in one-third-octave bands by an engineering method

	Standardised impact sound pressure levels L'nT, in accordance with ISO 16283-2 Field Measurements of impact sound insulation of floors using tapping machine			
Report reference:	MC844-01F01 Definitive Hybrid Flooring - Floor Impact Sound Insulation Testing (r2)			
Test reference:	MC844-01F01-03			
Test site address:	61-71 Wellington Street and 37-39 Langridge Street, Collingwood			
Client:	Australian Hardwood Timber Flooring	Date of test:	11 <sup>th</sup> February 2019	
Source room:	2.03	Receiver roor	m: 1.03	
Understood construction:	Floor finish in the source room	<u>ı:</u> •	Nil (bare slab)	
	Existing substrate:	•	200mm concrete slab, with	
	Ceiling beneath in the receivin	g room: •	13mm standard plasterboard ceiling suspended from the slab soffit to form a 210mm ceiling void. No insulation present in the cavity.	

Frequency	L'nT
f	1/3 Octave
Hz	dB
50	55.0
63	54.1
80	48.4
100	50.9
125	51.4
160	49.9
200	51.2
250	48.1
315	48.1
400	47.1
500	48.5
630	50.6
800	49.4
1000	48.9
1250	47.5
1600	49.5
2000	51.0
2500	54.0
3150	54.6
4000	51.5
5000	48.8



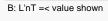
Rating according to ISO 717-2  $L'_{nT,w}(C_i) = 58 (-11) dB$ 

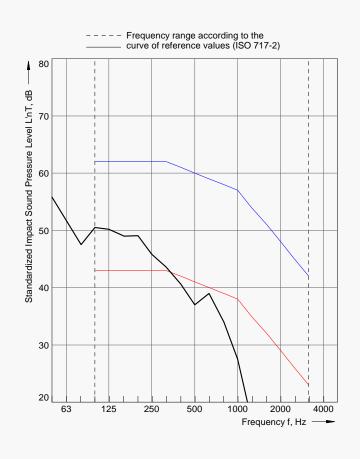
 $C_{i,50-2500} = -10 \text{ dB}$ 

Evaluation based on field measurement results obtained in one-third-octave bands by an engineering method

Standardised impact sound pressure levels L'nT, in accordance with ISO 16283-2 Field Measurements of impact sound insulation of floors using tapping machine			
Report reference:	MC844-01F01 Definitive Hybrid Flooring - Floor Impact Sound Insulation Testing (r2)		
Test reference:	MC844-01F01-04		
Test site address:	61-71 Wellington Street and 37-39 Langridge Street, Collingwood		
Client:	Australian Hardwood Timber Flooring	Date of test:	11 <sup>th</sup> February 2019
Source room:	2.03	Receiver roor	n: 1.03
Understood construction:	Floor finish in the source room	•	1500x900mm sample of 6.5mm thick (including 1.5mm IXPE) 'Definitive Hybrid Flooring', floating over
	Existing substrate:	•	200mm concrete slab
	Ceiling beneath in the receiving	g room: •	13mm standard plasterboard ceiling suspended from the slab soffit to form a 210mm ceiling void. No insulation present in the cavity.

Frequency	L'nT
f	1/3 Octave
Hz	dB
50	55.8
63	51.7
80	47.5
100 125 160	50.5   50.2   49.0
200	49.1
250	45.8
315	43.6
400	40.6
500	37.0
630	39.0
800	34.0
1000	27.5
1250	17.0 B
1600	13.1 B
2000	12.2 B
2500	10.7 B
3150	9.4 B
4000	8.4 B
5000	8.4 B





Rating according to ISO 717-2

 $L'_{nT,w}(C_i) = 41 (1) dB$   $C_{i,50-2500} = 4 dB$ 

Evaluation based on field measurement results obtained in one-third-octave bands by an engineering method

## APPENDIX B Impact Sound Insulation Test Methodology

#### B.1 Introduction

This report provides results of sound transmission loss tests conducted in general accordance with the following Australian and International Standards:

- ISO 16283-2:2018 'Acoustics Field measurement of sound insulation in buildings and of building elements Part 2: Impact sound insulation'
- ISO 717.2:2013 'Acoustics Rating of sound insulation in buildings and of building elements Part 2: Impact sound insulation'
- ISO 3382-2:2008 'Acoustics Measurement of room acoustic parameters Part 2: Reverberation time in ordinary rooms'

### **B.2** Test Procedure

The test procedure has been carried out in general accordance with ISO 16283-2:2018 as follows:

The field measurement of impact sound insulation of building partitions was conducted in one-third octave bands. The values for impact sound insulation, which are frequency dependent, have been calculated at all frequencies of measurement to provide the  $L'_{nT}$  (standardised impact sound pressure level). The one-third octave  $L'_{nT}$  values were converted into a single number quantity  $L'_{nT,w}$  (weighted standardised impact sound pressure level), in accordance with the procedure defined in ISO 717-2:2013.

The standardised impact sound pressure level is defined in ISO 16283-2:2018, equation (1).

$$L'_{nT} = L_i - 10\lg \frac{T}{T_0}$$

Where:

- $L_i$  = the average sound pressure level in the receiving room, in decibels
- T = the reverberation time in the receiving room
- $T_0$  = the reference reverberation time, for dwellings,  $T_0$  = 0.5s

A tapping machine was placed in four (4) different positions randomly distributed on the floor (sample) in general accordance with Standards indicated above.

Whilst this tapping machine was operating, noise levels were recorded at four (4) locations in the receiver room with the average time of 10 seconds at each position, for each tapping machine position using a Bruel & Kjaer 2250 sound level meter. The measured noise level was filtered simultaneously in all one-third octave frequency bands in real time. These values were recorded and subsequently statistically analysed to determine the average sound pressure levels for each room and to indicate the precision of the measurements.

The average sound pressure level was obtained by using a Bruel & Kjaer Type 2250 Investigator Sound Level Meter. The Sound Level Meter has current NATA certification and was checked before and after the measurement for calibration using a Bruel and Kjaer Type 4231 Calibrator. The sound level meter is classified as a Class 1 instrument as defined in *AS IEC 61672.1 'Electroacoustics - Sound Level Meters'*. No significant drift in calibration was noted.

The reverberation time in the receiving room was measured using impulse response method (balloon burst) in accordance to ISO 3382-2:2008. Six (6) microphone and impulse source positions were used for the reverberation time calculation, with one decay measured for each position.

The Weighted Standardised Impact Sound Pressure Level  $L'_{nT,w}$  and Spectrum Adaptation Term  $C_I$  were calculated in accordance with ISO 717-2:2013.

## **B.3** Flanking Transmission

Flanking sound transmission was not corrected for.

## **B.4** Test Signals and Frequencies

The range of frequencies tested was from 50Hz - 5000Hz.